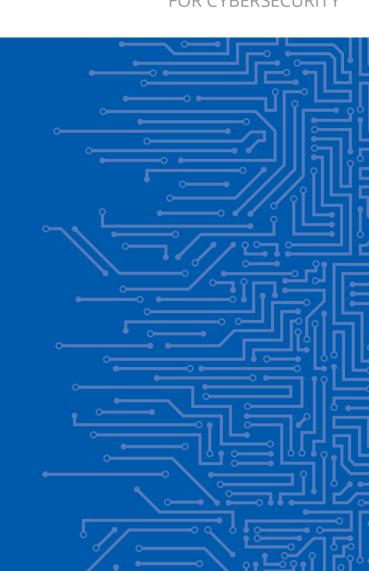




# PUTTING ALIN THE EU CYBER CRISIS COLLABORATION

CDR (ret) Georgios Chatzichristos Operational Security Unit - ENISA

03 | 10 | 2019



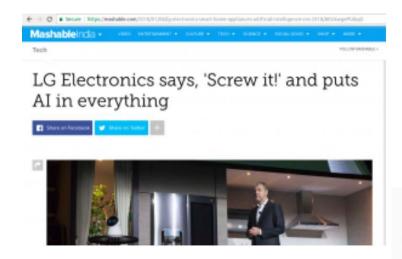
# Buzz? Is it new? What is it? Applications?





#### This AI-Powered Washing Machine Cuts Laundry Time In Half











Real time analytics No need to charge daily No need to change daily



#### Is it new?

The invention of digital computers in the 40s led to discussions on the building of an electronic brain

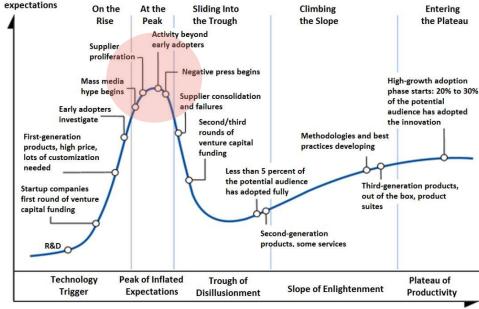


- The Dartmouth workshop on AI 1956
- The golden years 1956-1974
- The 1<sup>st</sup> Al winter 1974-1980 No money
- The 2<sup>nd</sup> Al winter 1987-1993 No money
- No data The 3<sup>rd</sup> Al winter 2002-2007
- The big boom 2008-present

Big data - Cyber - IoT — Lots of data!







time

Hype cycle: Source: Gartner Inc.



# TYPES OF AI

### **Supervised**

Goal is to approximate a desired function so that we can predict the output

> Classification Recognition

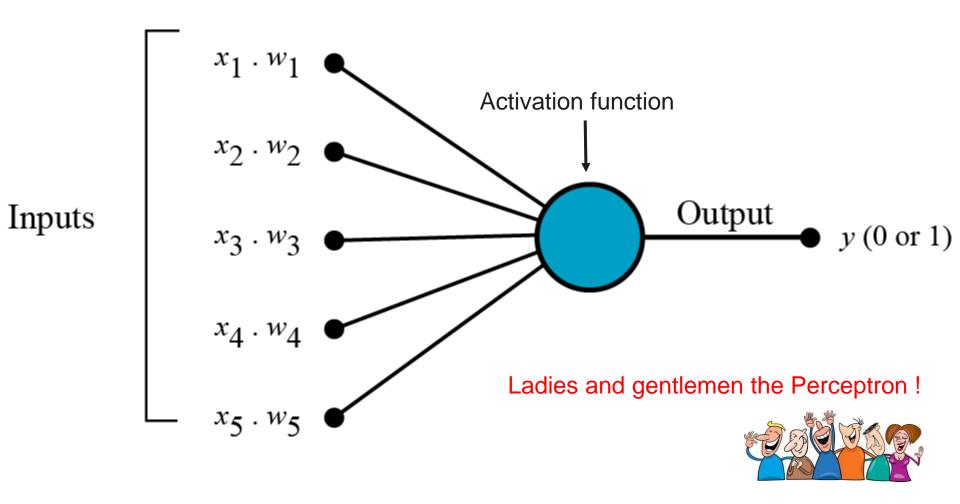
# Unsupervised

Goal is to model patterns in given inputs in order to learn about the data

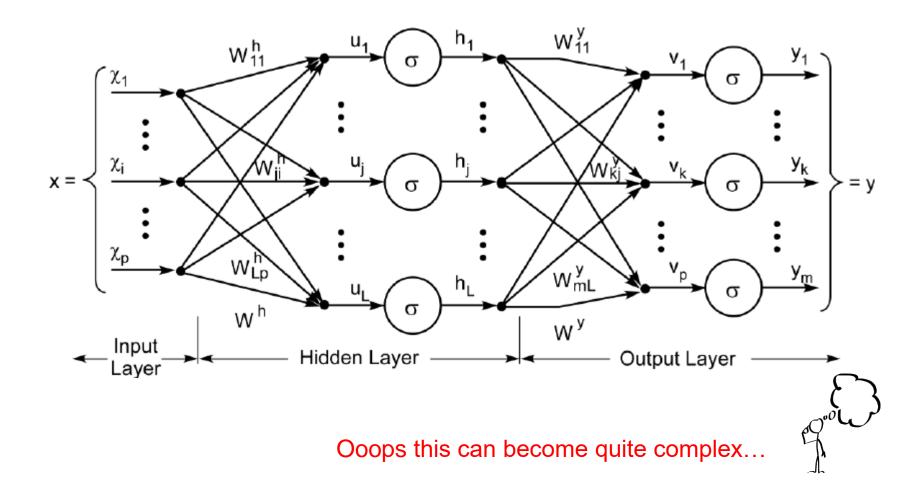
Clustering Anomaly detection



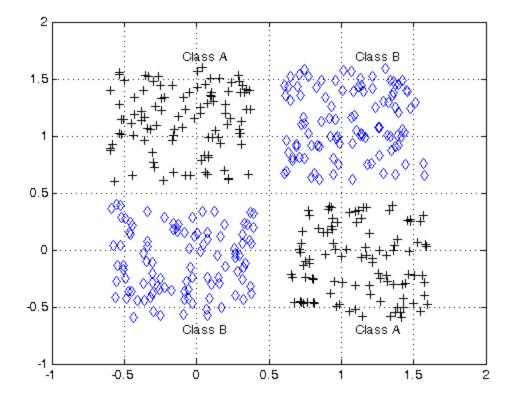
#### ... basically a classifier







### attempting to cluster data and decide...

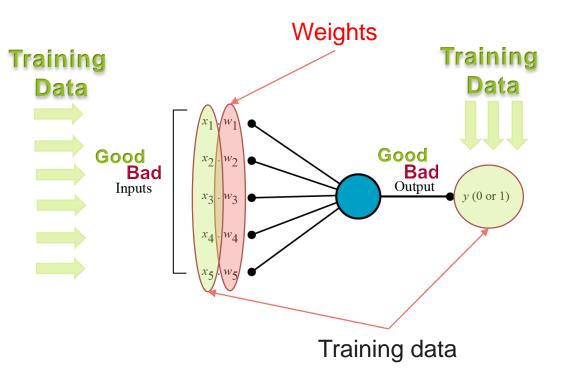








# **Supervised learning**

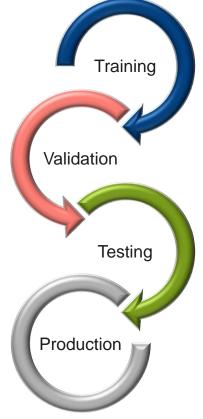




Problem 1: Ensuring quality and quantity of training data is hard



# Supervised/Unsupervised learning



Which data are considered correct/right/ethical?

Are human/moral values/freedom respected?

How much training data do we need?

Is supervised or unsupervised learning better?

How training data are produced?

How training is validated/certified?

What happens if the situation changes?

Problem 2: Ethics and trustworthiness





All applies to complex situations where we want to **Classify** information that cannot be easily (linearly) classified

The explosion of big data made processing with traditional methods not practical

All can be used to identify **complex patterns** 

In cyber security AI can be used across all levels of **governance** (Political/Operational/Technical)



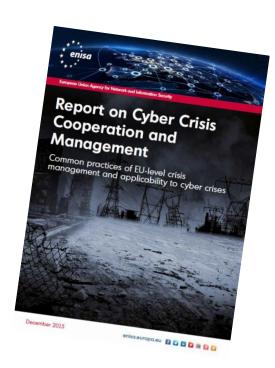


Can AI add value to the EU cyber crisis management?



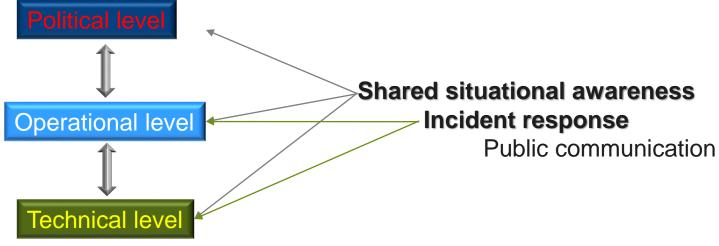






Shared situational awareness Incident response Public communication



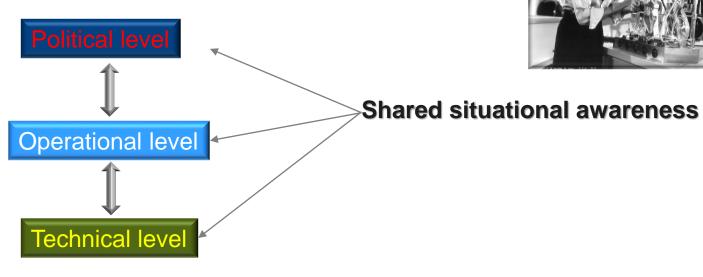








# Al & the Blueprint



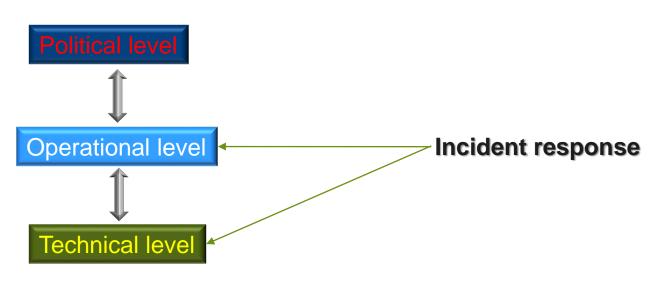


News aggregation **NLP** Multi lingual analysis Sentiment analysis Fake news Deep fake





# Al & the Blueprint





Threat pattern identification Information fusion Autonomous cyber response







#### EU STRATEGY ON ARTIFICIAL **INTELLIGENCE**

published in April 2018







Shared situational awareness Incident response Public communication





#### EU STRATEGY ON ARTIFICIAL **INTELLIGENCE**

published in April 2018

#### High-Level Expert Group on Artificial Intelligence (AI HLEG) in June 2018

- Ethics Guidelines for Artificial Intelligence
- Policy & Investment Recommendations

## Respect for human autonomy

Prevention of harm

**Fairness** 

**Explicability** 



Ensuring competitiveness and trustworthiness



#### Blueprint's pillars for SA and IR

Threat analysts

Cyber Security

**CSIRTs** 

**Professionals** 

European Counci



Open Cyber Security Awareness Machine

Academia

Training data for AI Essential Services providers

Researchers

Cyber Security professionals

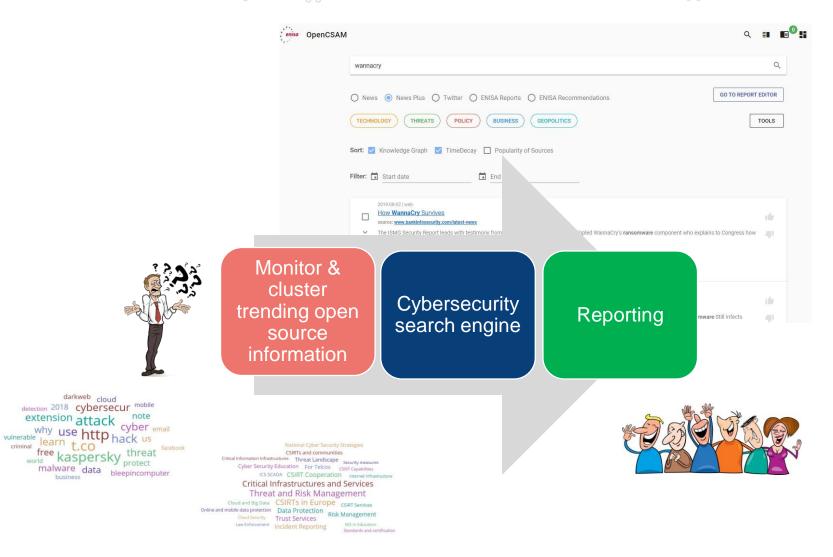
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Use services Contribute to QoS

#### Al & the Blueprint





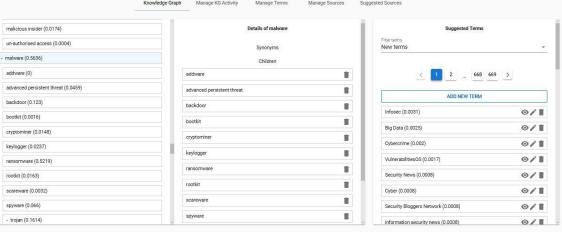


#### How we are using Al

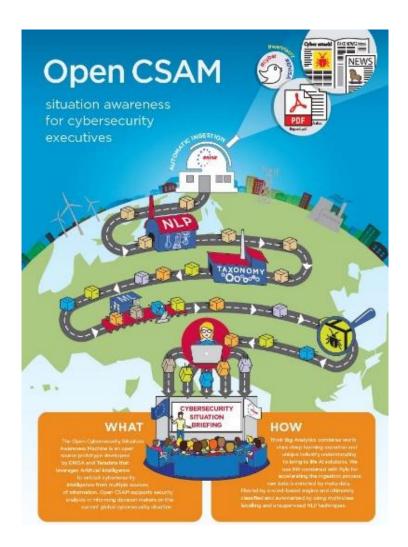
#### **Knowledge Representation**

#### Knowledge Graph

- Tree based flexible taxonomy
- · Automatic suggestion of new terms from crawlers
- Use of KG in searching and classification







#### How we are using Al

#### **NLP**

#### Dynamic crawling

- Understand the language of the text
- Understand where in the text is the relevant document
- Identification of different types of relevant content (Entity recognition)

#### Summarization

- Text de noising
- Word clustering
- Calculation of importance

#### Classification

Generation of training matrices for ML

#### Suggestion of new sources

 Comparison of random articles of a new source with articles in the sources repository via text tokenization and calculation of its relevance and importance





#### How we are using AI

#### **Machine Learning**

#### Dynamic crawling

· Content deduplication

#### Classification of content

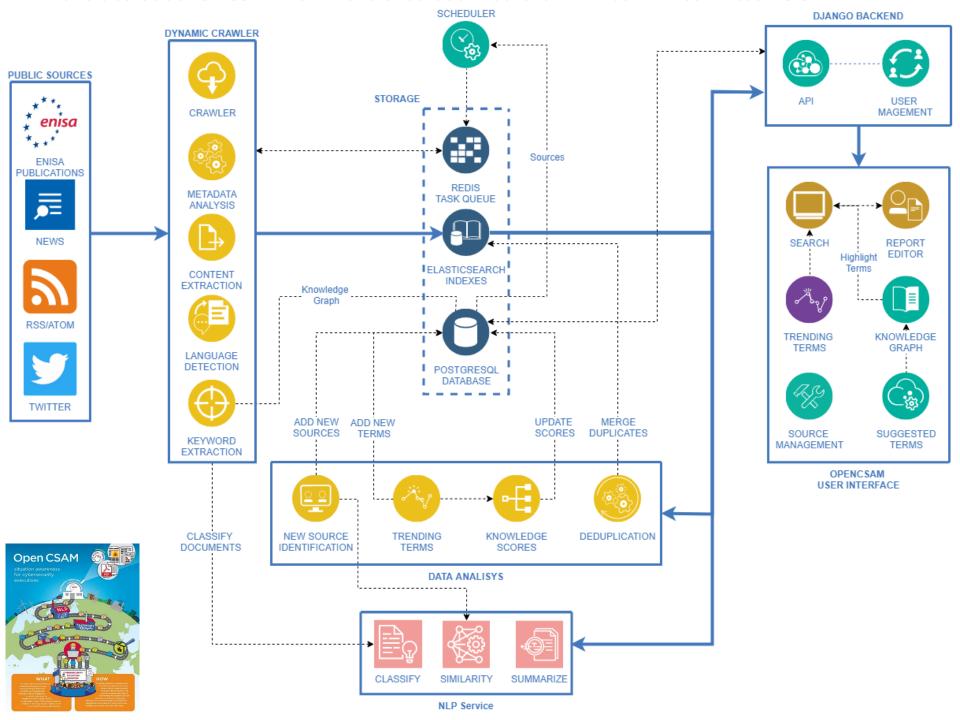
4 categories (Technology, Threats, Policy, Business, Geopolitics) via CNN

#### **Summarization**

Vectorization of sentences for better clustering via cosine similarities









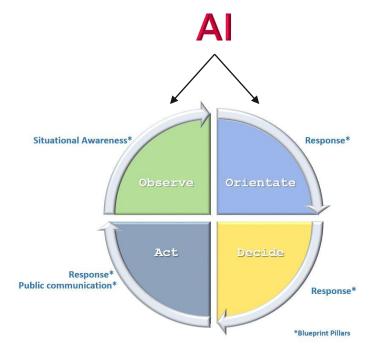
- The future of the Blueprint
- How can Artificial Intelligence help the blueprint
- Improving OpenCSAM
- Cyber autonomous response, threat detection and security automation

EU Internal report with recommendations approved recently





# A vision for the **Blue**print





# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

#### **European Union Agency for Cybersecurity**

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